TERMS OF REFERENCE

Job Title: National consultant: Social Research expert: Knowledge, Attitudes and

Practices (KAP) study as part of a case study on canine rabies prevention and control in Bac Giang province of Viet Nam, and recommendations to ensure achievement of the targets in the National Rabies Strategy 2017-

2021 from provincial to local levels

Duty Station: Hanoi and site visit or visits to Bac Giang province

Duration: July 2018 – September 2018

Reporting: National Project Director, SCOH2 project

1) General Background

Viet Nam is located in a relatively high-risk region for emerging infectious diseases (EIDs), including zoonotic diseases arising from the interaction of humans, livestock, wild animals and ecosystems. Addressing risky practices related to bio-security of livestock and wildlife farming, trade and consumption will require a long-term effort.

Over the past several years, the Government of Viet Nam (GoVN) has been progressively strengthening the application of a One Health approach to zoonotic emerging infectious diseases (EIDs). Current national efforts are set out in the Viet Nam One Health Strategic Plan for Zoonotic Diseases (OHSP), 2016-2020, which sets out a five-year plan for reducing the health and other impacts of zoonotic diseases. The OHSP addresses seven key focus areas, including One Health capacity building, and the application of One Health approaches for managing human disease emergencies of animal origin, zoonotic agents with pandemic potential that are yet to emerge, zoonotic influenza viruses with pandemic potential, rabies, antimicrobial resistance (AMR), and other priority zoonotic diseases. The OHSP is available here: http://onehealth.org.vn/documents/the-viet-nam-ohsp-2016-2020-final/203.html.

Rabies is an important zoonotic disease that is endemic in the majority of ASEAN countries, including Viet Nam, with 74 human cases detected in Viet Nam in 2017. Rabies has been identified as a priority zoonosis in Viet Nam, and provides an important example of spill over at the animal-human interface. Most human cases in Viet Nam occur as a result of contact with rabid dogs. As noted in the OHSP, rabies "is highly suited to a One Health approach, and provides a practical opportunity to develop effective inter-sectoral coordination and collaboration in Viet Nam."

Viet Nam is committed to elimination of rabies in line with the ASEAN Rabies Elimination Strategy (ARES).⁴ Viet Nam's National Programme for Rabies Control and Elimination

² Circular No. 16/2013/TTLT-BYT-BNN dated 27 May 2013

¹ Ministry of Health, Viet Nam

³ Viet Nam One Health Strategic Plan for Zoonotic Diseases (OHSP), 2016-2020, p78

⁴ The ASEAN Rabies Elimination Strategy (ARES) was jointly endorsed by the 36th ASEAN Ministerial Meeting on Agriculture and Forestry and the 12 ASEAN Health Ministers Meeting respectively held in September 2014. Viet Nam is a lead country for the ARES.

during the period from 2017-2021 was officially approved in February 2017.⁵ This plan adopts a One Health approach and covers all pillars of disease control for MARD and MOH and other involved partners, and is in line with the ARES as well as with the global directions on rabies control and elimination adopted by WHO, FAO, OIE and the Global Alliance for Rabies Control (GARC).

Elimination of human rabies cases in Viet Nam and the broader region depends on control of rabies in dogs, coupled with universal post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) in humans exposed to potentially rabid animals. The national programme sets the overall goal of controlling rabies in domestic dogs and humans by 2021, with the aim of eliminating rabies. It includes the following specific objectives for the agriculture sector:

- Establishing a list of dog-raising households in over 95 percent of communes, wards and towns.
- Achieving a vaccination rate of domestic dogs in communes, wards and towns of over 85 percent.
- No cases of canine rabies detected in over 70 percent of all provinces over two
 consecutive years.

Reporting on the results of rabies prevention and control in the agriculture sector for 2017 shows significant differences between provinces in both the number of reported canine and human rabies cases, and in the level of vaccination coverage and registration of dog ownership. In order to achieve the targets of the national programme, further understanding and efforts are needed to overcome barriers to dog vaccination and related initiatives from the provincial to local levels.

The second phase of the Strengthening capacity for the implementation of One Health in Viet Nam project (SCOH2), implemented by the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (MARD) in cooperation with the Ministry of Health (MOH), with funding from USAID via UNDP, supports the Viet Nam One Health Partnership for Zoonoses (OHP) and its Secretariat located within MARD. A key activity of the SCOH2 project is to commission research to support One Health policy-making in Viet Nam. The topics for this research are identified by the OHP Secretariat under the guidance of key technical agencies within MARD and MOH as well as other national and international experts within the project's Technical Advisory Committee (TAC).

In order to support the development of clear information and recommendations to national policy makers and other key stakeholders on the status of One Health capacity building, collaboration and efforts on key zoonotic diseases and AMR at the provincial and lower levels, the SCOH2 will commission a series of studies on one selected province, contributing to building up a provincial profile on selected key One Health issues as a basis for identifying recommendations for strengthening One Health capacity and efforts at the provincial level.

This series will include the following study: Case study on canine rabies prevention and control in Bac Giang province of Viet Nam, and recommendations to ensure achievement of the targets in the National Rabies Strategy 2017-2021 from provincial to local levels.

⁵ Government of Viet Nam (2017) Viet Nam's National Programme for Rabies Control and Elimination, 2017-2021, issued by the Prime Minister according to Decision No. 193/Q -TTg dated 13 February 2017.

⁶ Department of Animal Health (DAH), Báo cáo H i ngh s k t ch ng trình qu c gia kh ng ch và ti n l i lo i tr B nh d i giai o n 2017-2021, n m 2017 (Report on the Conference on the Preliminary Results during 2017 of the National Programme for Rabies Control and Elimination, 2017-2021), Hanoi, 19 January 2018

Drawing on both qualitative and quantitative data, the study will describe the situation of canine rabies in the province, identify the key barriers to meeting the national targets for canine rabies control leading to elimination, and propose recommendations to address these barriers and meet the national targets. Key questions to be answered by the study include:

- What is the profile of canine and human rabies in the province?
- What is the status of inter-sectoral coordination and plans on rabies prevention, control and elimination in the province, from the animal health perspective?
- What is the status of surveillance and reporting of canine rabies?
- What laboratory capacity is available to the animal health sector?
- What is the status of key prevention and management issues, including canine rabies, dog registration, enforcement of regulations for rabies prevention (free roaming, registration, vaccination, etc.), management of dog breeding and trading, public awareness raising, etc.
- What are the key reasons that people keep dogs in the province (companion, guard dog, source of protein, other)? What is the estimated number of stray or regularly unsecured dogs in the province?
- How is the epidemiology of canine and human rabies analyzed within the province by the animal health sector? How are dog bite cases and suspected and confirmed rabies cases investigated and managed? How are lessons from this applied to overall control efforts within the province?
- What are the key barriers to meeting the targets in the national rabies strategy in relation to animal vaccination, registration, etc.?
- What are key recommendations for strengthening rabies policies, resources and actions at all levels in Viet Nam based on the lessons from this province?

These terms of reference are for selection of a National Consultant as Social Research expert for this study (hereinafter referred to as 'the Contractor'). The Contractor will design and implement a study on knowledge, attitudes and practices (KAP) of dog vaccinators, dog breeders/owners and related stakeholders at the local level, as a basis to identify relevant information to address key research questions of the case study, including the formulation of recommendations to address barriers and meet the targets for the agriculture sector set out in the national programme.

A separate National Consultant will be mobilized by the project as Team Leader and Rabies Expert to lead the design and implementation of the overall case study, including field research with veterinary authorities and related stakeholders at the provincial, district and commune levels, and to prepare the overall case study report, incorporating the inputs from the KAP study of dog vaccinators, dog breeders/owners and related stakeholders.

The Contractor will contribute to the design of the detailed contents and methodology of the study and the collection and desk review of related reports, will carry out the KAP study in Bac Giang, and will contribute to the drafting of preparation of the draft report, presentation of findings, and completion and submission of the final study report.

2) Objective of the assignment

The objective of the assignment is to contribute expertise and specific outputs, focused on a KAP study of dog vaccinators, dog breeders/owners and related stakeholders, contributing to an overall case study on canine rabies prevention and control in Bac Giang province of Viet

Nam, and recommendations to ensure achievement of the targets in the National Rabies Strategy 2017-2021 from provincial to local levels. The study report will incorporate the results of desk review of available materials as well as fieldwork undertaken directly in Bac Giang province and addressing comments from provincial, national and international stakeholders.

3) Scope of work

- 1. Based on the initial consultations, contribute key inputs to the preparation of an inception report and detailed work plan for the preparation of the provincial profile, including the design of the proposed detailed study contents and methodology. The plan should be tailored to the specific study locations and should be sent to the SCOH2 project and UNDP for review. Once finalized, it should be sent to Bac Giang well in advance of the field work.
- Contribute key inputs to the collection and desk review of related information and studies, including meetings and follow up with related national and international organizations, projects and programmes in Hanoi to collect information and documents.
- 3. Develop and test the proposed interview and survey tools and questionnaires for the conduct of the KAP study, and revise the tools based on the results of field testing and comments from the SCOH2 project and UNDP.
- 4. Carry out the KAP study, which is expected to include:
 - a. Structured interviews and questionnaires with relevant officials (People's committee representatives, veterinary officials, etc.), representatives of the private sector, representatives of the education system (elementary and high schools) and representatives of civil society/mass organizations at the district and commune levels (selected districts and communes).
 - b. Structured interviews, questionnaires and discussion groups with dog vaccinators, dog breeders, dog owners and other relevant stakeholders (selected districts and communes).
- 5. Collate and analyze the qualitative and quantitative data that was collected during the desk review and the KAP study.
- 6. Contribute to the presentation of the draft study findings to a workshop of key stakeholders. This workshop will be organized by the SCOH2 project, either in Hanoi or the study province.
- 7. Taking into account feedback from the Project and related stakeholders both directly and at the workshop, contribute to the preparation of the full draft report, including drafting of the section on the KAP study and related recommendations. Provide comments on the other sections of the report.
- 8. Taking into account feedback from the Project and related stakeholders, contribute to the preparation of the final report, including revision of the section on the KAP study and related recommendations, and comments on the other sections of the report.

4) Duration of assignment, duty station and expected places of travel

The duration of the assignment is 25 work days during the period from June 2018 to August 2018.

This service is home-based, in Hanoi with site visits to Bac Giang province, and some visits to the SCOH2 Office, MARD, UNDP office or other locations within Hanoi which will be agreed upon in advance. The Contractor is expected to spend at least 8 working days for 2 missions to Bac Giang province.

The bidder must include travel costs including travel to the field locations in their financial proposal.

5) Final Products

The Contractor is responsible for the following outputs, to be delivered in English and Vietnamese.

- The section of the inception report detailing the approach, methodology and workplan in implementing the KAP study, and comments on other sections of the inception report.
- Written comments on the list of proposed specific study locations (districts/communes) with a clear rationale.
- Survey and interview questions, checklists and other tools for implementing the KAP study.
- Contributions to the overall study report, including drafting and final versions of the section on the KAP study and related recommendations, and written comments on the other sections of the draft and final overall report.
- Excel spreadsheets containing data and analysis of the results from the field work.
- Relevant supporting documents including list of workshop participants, introduction letters, copies of presentations, etc. and written notes and comments of consultation meetings and consultations with the project, the consultation workshop, and meetings with study stakeholders; photos taken and data collected during the site visits.
- List of references outlining information collected and analyzed during the desk review and field work.

6) Tentative Implementation Plan:

The Contractor will be expected to undertake the following tasks and deliver the required outputs (in English and Vietnamese) as specified. Below is the suggested timeline for key outputs.

Task Assigned/Output	Deadline
1. Contributions to the inception report and detailed work plan,	08 July 2018
including design of the proposed detailed study contents and	
methodology for the KAP study	
2. Collection and desk review of related information and studies	15 July 2018
3. Prepare, test and finalize the interview and survey tools and	20 July 2018
questionnaires for the KAP study	
4. Carry out the study activities in the field	10 August 2018
5. Collate and analyze the qualitative and quantitative data	20 August 2018
6. Slides on the preliminary findings from the KAP study and	30 August 2018
related recommendations, for inclusion in the overall presentation	
of draft study findings	

7.	Report on the KAP study and comments on the full draft Case	13	September
	Study report	2018	
8.	Report on the KAP study and comments on the full draft Case	28	September
	Study report	2018	

7) Provision of monitoring and progress control

- The Contractor will work closely with and under the guidance of the SCOH2 PMU (OHP Secretariat), including overall reporting to the NPD and day-to-day reporting to the Secretariat Manager.
- The Contractor will respond timely (within 24 hours, preferably) to technical requirements and other communications from the NPD and the Secretariat Manager.
- The deliverables shall be submitted to the SCOH2 PMU (OHP Secretariat) for review and approval. All deliverables are subject to technical clearance and approval from the NPD, the International Partnership Advisor, and the UNDP Programme Officer for the SCOH2 project.

8) Qualification and work experience

The Contractor should have extensive experience in conducting research in relevant areas in Viet Nam.

The requirements for the Contractor are as follows:

- Postgraduate degree in a relevant area. The academic requirements can be lowered/waived if possessing greater experience in this area.
- At least 10 years of experience in social research in relevant sectors.
- At least 10 years of direct experience related to KAP studies and similar approaches.
 Experience with integrated approaches to public health and One Health will be preferred.
- Strong analytical skills.
- Strong communication and writing skills in English and Vietnamese.
- Flexibility to operate in various cultural settings and with a variety of stakeholders.
- Proven excellent skills in the development of UN reports.

Se	Criteria	Score			
1	Postgraduate degree in a relevant area. The academic requirements can be				
	lowered/waived if possessing greater experience in this area				
2	At least 10 years of experience in social research in relevant sectors				
3	At least 10 years of direct experience related to KAP studies and similar				
	approaches. Experience with integrated approaches to public health and One				
	Health will be preferred				
4	Strong analytical skills.	200			
5	Strong communication and writing skills in English and Vietnamese	100			
6	Flexibility to operate in various cultural settings and with a variety of	100			
	stakeholders				
7	Proven excellent skills in the development of UN reports	100			
		1,000			

9) Quality review and payment terms

Payments are based upon output, i.e. upon delivery of the services specified in the TOR. The Contractor shall receive payment in instalments as follows:

- First payment of 10% of the contract value will be paid upon submission and acceptance of the inception report and list of recommended study locations;
- Second payment of 20% of the contract value will be paid upon submission and acceptance of the study tools;
- Third payment of 40% of the contract value will be paid upon submission and acceptance of the preliminary findings and the draft report;
- Last payment of 30% will be paid upon submission and approval of all products under the contract.

10) Administrative support and reference documents

11) Consultant presence required on duty station

Administrative support will be provided by the OHP Secretariat in its capacity as the PMU for the SCOH2 Project. Copies of relevant documents and reports will be made available to the Contractor upon commencement of the assignment. The PMU will facilitate logistical arrangements for meetings with key stakeholders in Hanoi, and for the arrangement of the workshop to present the preliminary study findings. The PMU will support the provision of official letters to key stakeholders at the provincial level to request their agreement and support to the study and the visits to the field locations.

[] NONE	[] PARTIAL	[X] INTERMITTENT	[] FULL-TIME